

APPLICATION DATA

Chiral compounds HPLC

Contents

Technical Data

- Fast Method Scouting for Chiral Separation Utilizing CHIRAL ART Columns
- Chiral method optimization of ionic compounds utilizing immobilized type column in reversed phase mode

Analytical Data

N-CBZ-DL-Alanine	P. 5	2,2'-Isopropylidenebis(4-phenyl-2-oxazoline)	P. 12
DL-Aminoglutethimide	P. 5	Ketamine hydrochloride	P. 12
Atropine	P. 5, 6	Ketoprofen	P. 12
Benzoin	P. 6	Ketolac	P. 12
1,1'-Binaphthyl-2,2'-diamine	P. 6	Lansoprazole	P. 13
1,1'-Binaphthyl-2,2'-diyl Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonate)	P. 7	DL-Mandelic acid	P. 13
2,6-Bis(4-isopropyl-2-oxazolin-2-yl)pyridine	P. 7	Metoprolol	P. 13, 14
1,2-Bis[(2-methoxyphenyl)phenylphosphino]ethane	P. 7	Ofloxacin (Levofloxacin)	P. 14
2,6-Bis(4-phenyl-2-oxazolin-2-yl)pyridine	P. 8	Phenoxybenzamine	P. 14
Cetirizine (Levocetirizine)	P. 8	N-CBZ-DL-Phenylalanine	P. 14
Chloroquine	P. 8	Pindolol	P. 15
3,3'-Dibromo-1,1'-bi-2-naphthol	P. 9	Propranolol	P. 15
3,3'-Dibromo-5,5',6,6',7,7',8,8'-octahydro-1,1'-bi-2-Naphthol	P. 9	Rabeprazole	P. 15
2,2'-Dimethoxy-1,1'-binaphthyl	P. 9	Sertraline hydrochloride	P. 16
Donepezil	P. 9, 10	<i>trans</i> -Stilbene oxide	P. 16
Duloxetine hydrochloride	P. 10	2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(9-anthryl)ethanol	P. 16
Fenoprofen	P. 10	Trimebutine	P. 17
Flurbiprofen	P. 11	Troger's base	P. 17
Hexobarbital	P. 11	Valsartan	P. 17
Hydroxychloroquine	P. 11	Verapamil	P. 17
Ibuprofen	P. 11	Warfarin	P. 18
		Zopiclone	P. 18

※Please see "APPLICATION DATA SFC" for applications of chiral compounds using SFC.

Fast Method Scouting for Chiral Separation Utilizing CHIRAL ART Columns

R150423AE

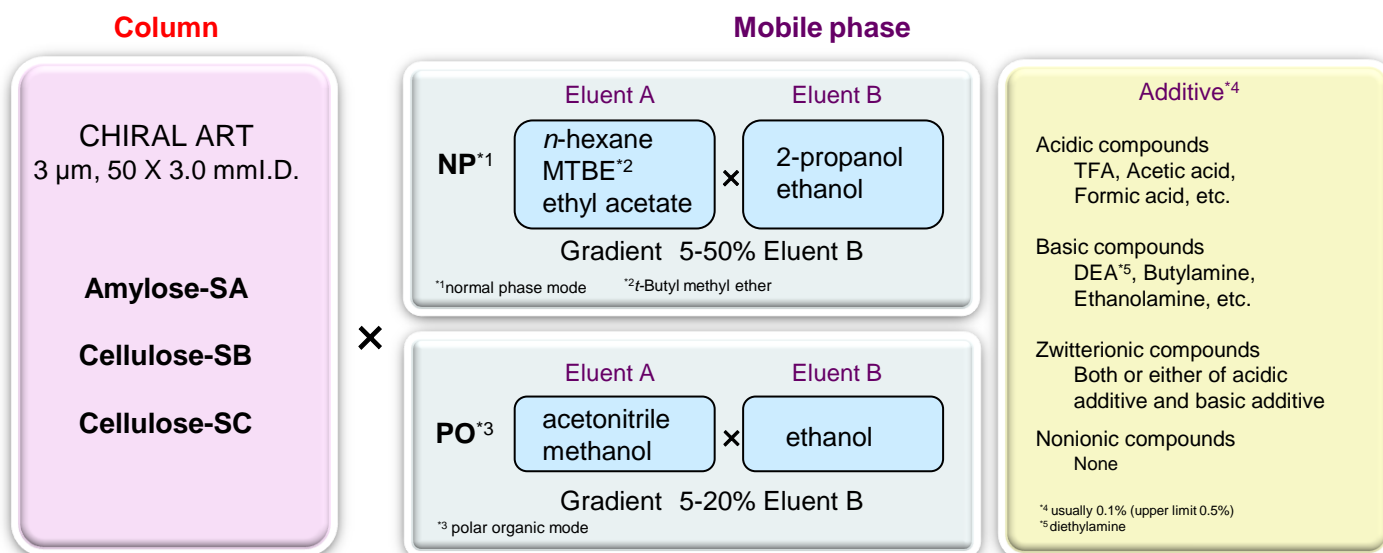
CHIRAL ART are HPLC columns with polysaccharide derivatives chiral selector, and are suitable for separations of wide range of chiral compounds.

On CHIRAL ART Immobilized type with high solvent versatility, chromatographers can freely choose the most suitable mobile phase by considering the solubility and resolution of the target compounds.

The excellent separation of various racemic compounds was achieved through fast method scouting utilizing the short columns and 3 μm CHIRAL ART immobilized type with three different chiral selectors.

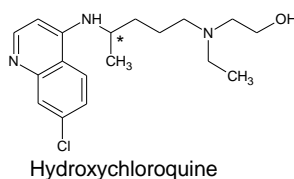
Method scouting

● Scouting protocol



● Experimental Matrix

mode		NP						PO	
Eluent A		<i>n</i> -hexane		MTBE		ethyl acetate		acetonitrile	methanol
Eluent B		2-propanol	ethanol	2-propanol	ethanol	2-propanol	ethanol	ethanol	ethanol
additive		0.1% DEA							
column	Amylose-SA								
	Cellulose-SB								
	Cellulose-SC								

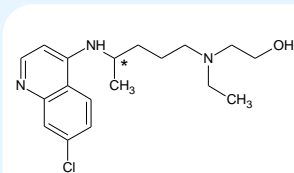


Column	: 3 μm, 50 X 3.0 mm.I.D.
Flow rate	: 0.85 mL/min
Gradient	: 5%B (0-0.5 min), 5-50%B (0.5-1.5 min), 50%B (1.5-2.0 min) for normal phase mode : 0%B (0-0.5 min), 0-20%B (0.5-1.5 min), 20%B (1.5-2.0 min) for polar organic mode
Temperature	: 25°C
Detection	: UV at 265, 290, 334 nm
Injection	: 2 μL (100 mg/mL)

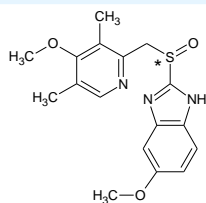
The baseline resolution is achieved under four conditions in the method scouting for hydroxychloroquine. The combination of Amylose-SA phase and MTBE/ethanol containing 0.1% DEA is selected as the most favorable condition in consideration of retention and resolution.

Separation results under simple isocratic conditions optimized through scouting of each compound

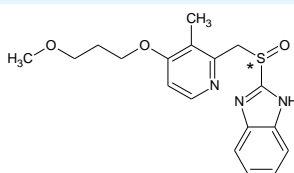
The combination of the short columns packed with three types of 3 μ m particles and the rapid gradient elution of eight types of Normal Phase (NP) and Polar Organic (PO) mobile phase are employed for separation method scouting of pharmaceutical compounds below. The selected conditions from scouting with gradient elution for each compound are converted to the isocratic elution methods and optimized.



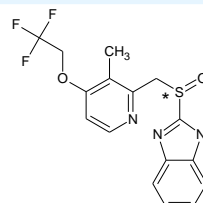
Hydroxychloroquine



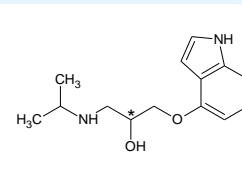
Omeprazole



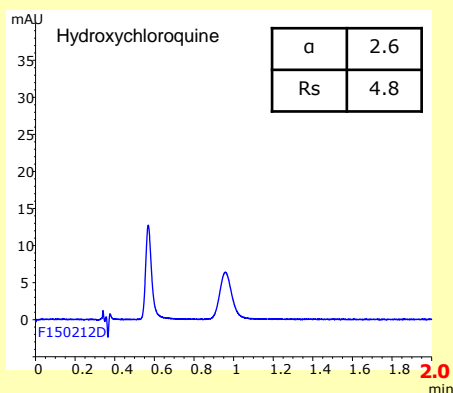
Rabeprazole



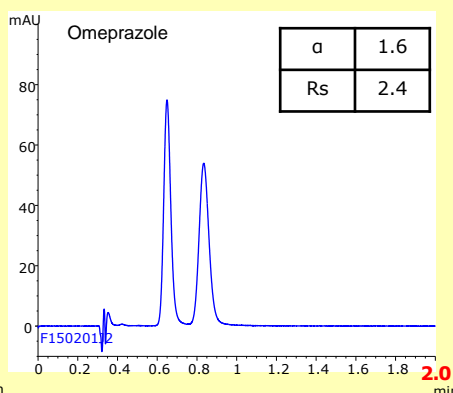
Lansoprazole



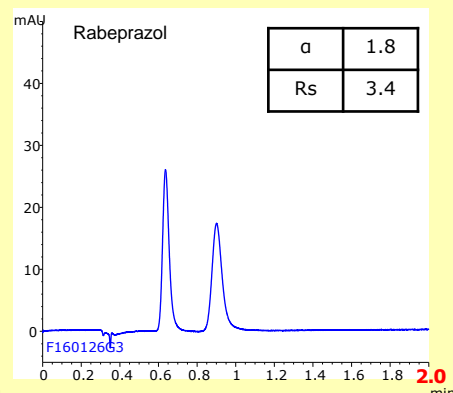
Pindolol



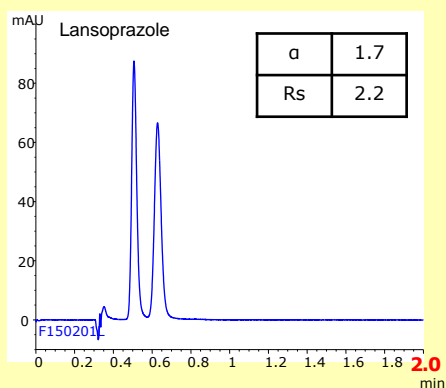
Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA
3 μ m, 50 X 3.0 mm.I.D.
Eluent : A) MTBE/DEA (100/0.1)
B) ethanol/DEA (100/0.1)
10%B
Flow rate : 0.85 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 344 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (100 μ g/mL)



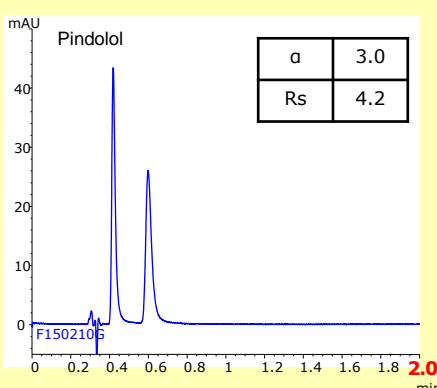
Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA
3 μ m, 50 X 3.0 mm.I.D.
Eluent : A) ethyl acetate/DEA (100/0.1)
B) ethanol/DEA (100/0.1)
5%B
Flow rate : 0.85 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 290 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (100 μ g/mL)



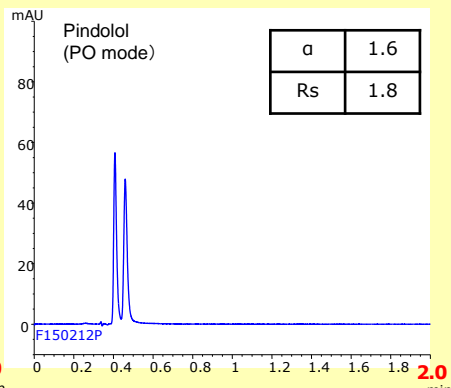
Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SC
3 μ m, 50 X 3.0 mm.I.D.
Eluent : A) ethyl acetate/DEA (100/0.1)
B) 2-propanol/DEA (100/0.1)
5%B
Flow rate : 0.85 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 290 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (100 μ g/mL)



Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA
3 μ m, 50 X 3.0 mm.I.D.
Eluent : A) ethyl acetate/DEA (100/0.1)
B) ethanol/DEA (100/0.1)
5%B
Flow rate : 0.85 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 290 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (100 μ g/mL)



Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB
3 μ m, 50 X 3.0 mm.I.D.
Eluent : A) *n*-hexane/DEA (100/0.1)
B) ethanol/DEA (100/0.1)
60%B
Flow rate : 0.85 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 265 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (100 μ g/mL)



Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB
3 μ m, 50 X 3.0 mm.I.D.
Eluent : methanol/DEA (100/0.1)
Flow rate : 0.85 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 265 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (100 μ g/mL)

DEA: diethylamine

- The fast method development chiral separations is allowed through the method scouting.
- The selected conditions from scouting with gradient elution for each compound are converted to the isocratic elution methods and optimized to achieve the ultra-fast separation method within 2 minutes.

Chiral method optimization of ionic compounds utilizing immobilized type column in reversed phase mode ~ Influence of pH on retention behavior ~

F140718AE

Features of immobilized type columns

Immobilized type CHIRAL ART columns can be used with various solvents that are commonly used for HPLC analysis. They can be used in both normal phase mode and reversed phase mode as they are compatible with non-aqueous and aqueous solvents (*).

Reversed phase mode will be effective in case where a sample is hydrophilic and has limited solubility in organic solvent (e. g. Hexane). In this technical data sheet, we will introduce influence of pH of mobile phase on retention behavior of ionic compounds. We also introduce several example of chiral separation on reversed phase mode.

Specifications (Immobilized type)

Column/Packing material	Particle size (μm)	Chiral selector	Usable pH range	Temperature range Pressure limit
CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA	3	Amylose tris(3,5-dimethylphenylcarbamate)	2.0-9.0	0~40°C 30 MPa
CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB	5	Cellulose tris(3,5-dimethylphenylcarbamate)		
CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SC	10	Cellulose tris(3,5-dimethylphenylcarbamate)		
	20	Cellulose tris(3,5-dichlorophenylcarbamate)		
Usable mobile phase	Normal phase	<i>n</i> -hexane, <i>n</i> -heptane, methanol, ethanol, 2-propanol, acetonitrile, ethyl acetate, tetrahydrofuran, chloroform, <i>t</i> -butyl methyl ether, etc.		
	Reversed phase	acetonitrile, methanol, ethanol, 2-propanol, tetrahydrofuran, water, aqueous buffer, etc.		

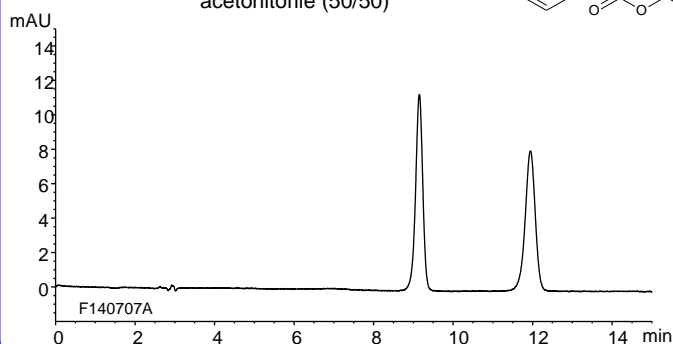
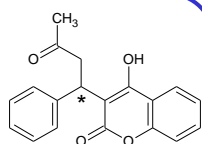
Tips for optimizing chiral separation method of ionic compounds on reversed phase mode

- **Mobile phase** > Optimal pH that ionization of analyte is suppressed is recommended. (Retention will be extended and possibility of greater resolution is expected.)
- **Column** > Immobilized type CHIRAL ART columns are the best option.

Reversed phase analyses with optimized separation methods

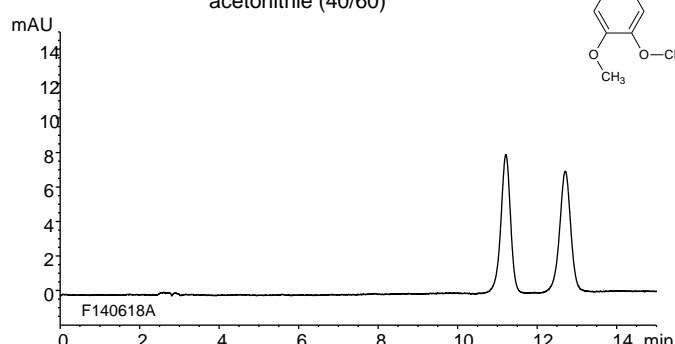
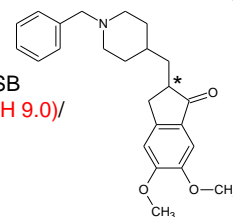
Warfarin (pKa 5.56)

Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB
 Eluent : 20 mM phosphoric acid (pH 2.1)/
 acetonitrile (50/50)



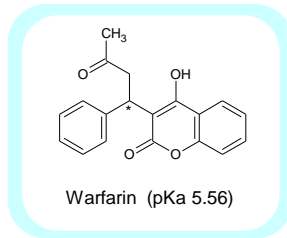
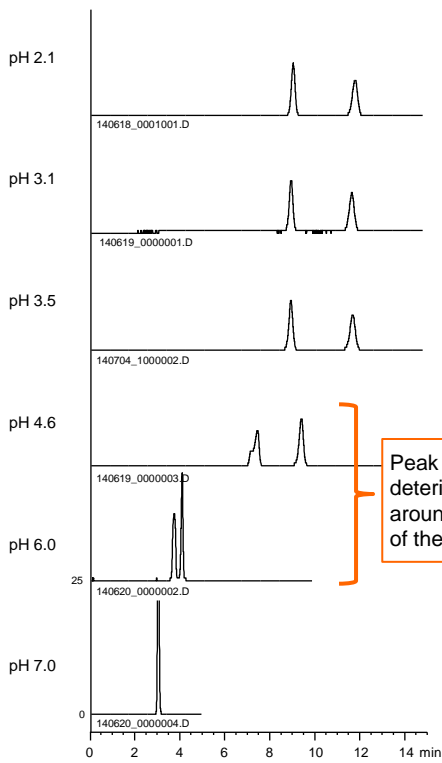
Donepezil (pKa 8.62)

Column : YMC CHIRAL Cellulose-SB
 Eluent : 20 mM NH₄HCO₃-DEA (pH 9.0)/
 acetonitrile (40/60)



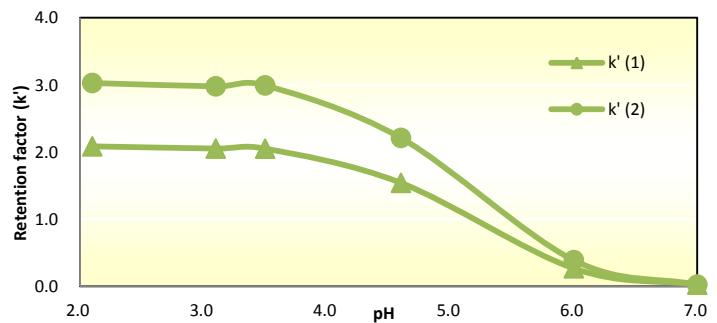
Retention behavior of acid compound on reversed phase mode

● Influence of pH on retention behavior



Column	: CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB 5 μ m 250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent	: 20 mM phosphate buffer/acetonitrile (50/50)
Flow rate	: 1.0 mL/min
Temperature	: 25°C
Detection	: UV at 254 nm
Injection	: 2 μ L (0.2 mg/mL)

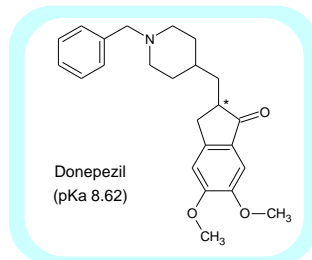
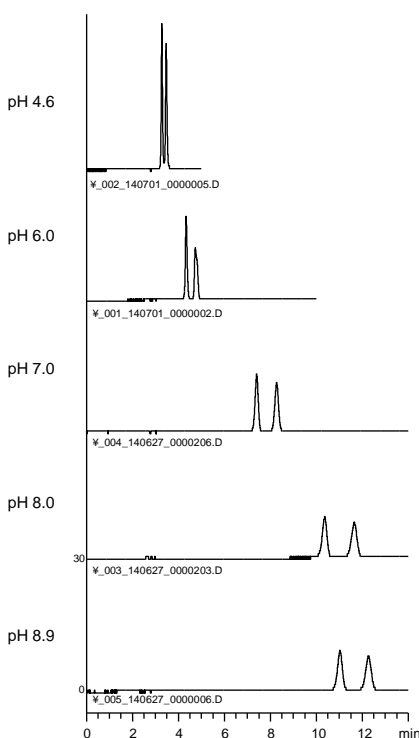
Retention of Warfarin



For acidic compound, retention is extended and good separation is achieved when decreasing the pH of a mobile phase (ionization was suppressed).

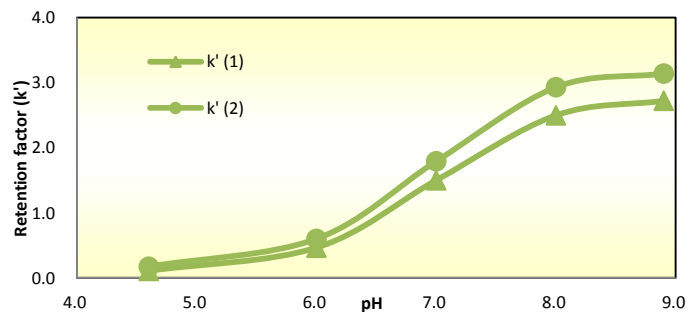
Retention behavior of basic compound on reversed phase mode

● Influence of pH on retention behavior



Column	: CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB 5 μ m 250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent	: 20 mM phosphate buffer/acetonitrile (40/60)
Flow rate	: 1.0 mL/min
Temperature	: 25°C
Detection	: UV at 254 nm
Injection	: 2 μ L (0.2 mg/mL)

Retention of Donepezil



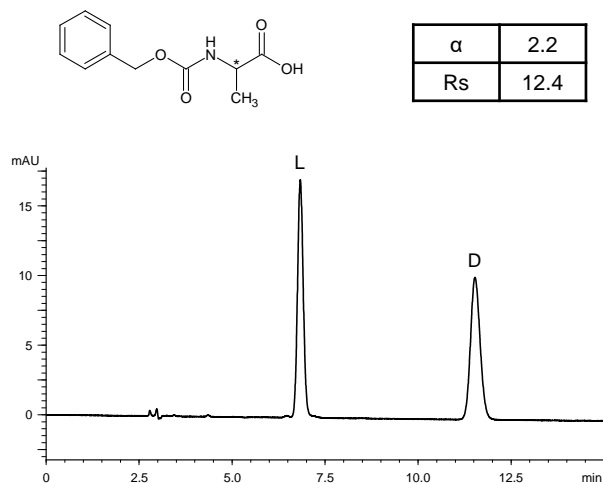
For basic compound, retention is extended and good separation is achieved when increasing the pH of a mobile phase (ionization was suppressed).

HPLC Analytical Data

N-CBZ-DL-アラニン

N-CBZ-DL-Alanine

D180129C

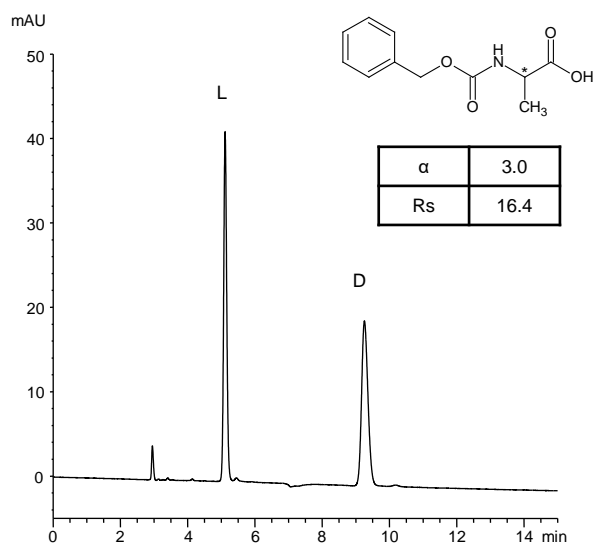


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-C Neo (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA
(80/20/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (1 mg/mL)

N-CBZ-DL-アラニン

N-CBZ-DL-Alanine

V130812E

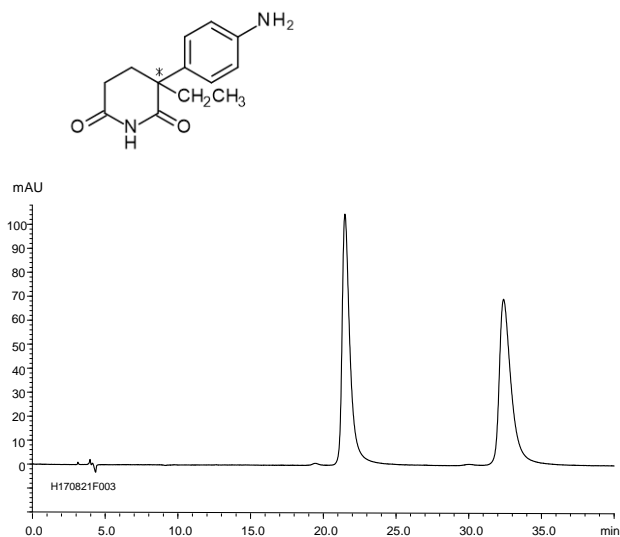


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA (80/20/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (1 mg/mL)

DL-アミノグルテチミド

DL-Aminoglutethimide

H170821F

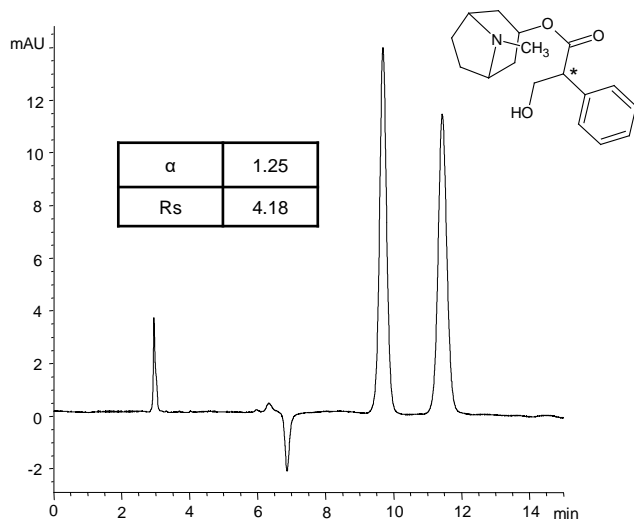


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SJ (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate/diethylamine
(70/30/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (1 mg/mL)

アトロピン

Atropine

H131008C

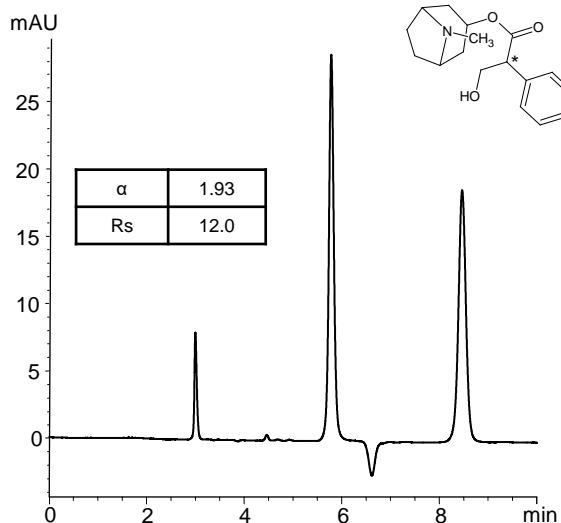


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol/ethanolamine
(87/13/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 230 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (1 mg/mL)

アトロピン

Atropine

H131009C

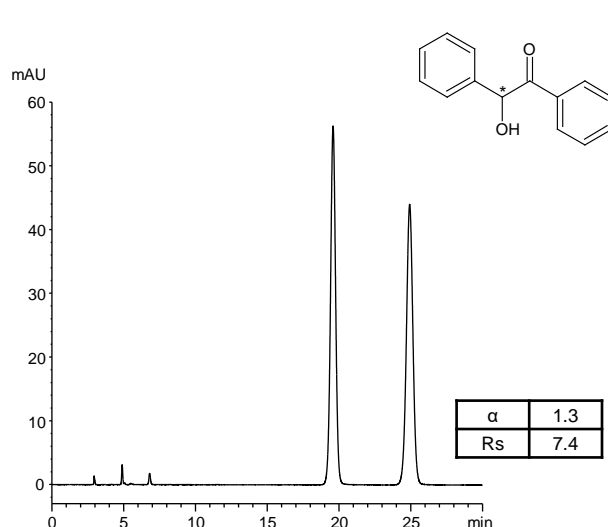


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol/ethanolamine
(90/10/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 230 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (1 mg/mL)

ベンゾイン

Benzoin

V130905B

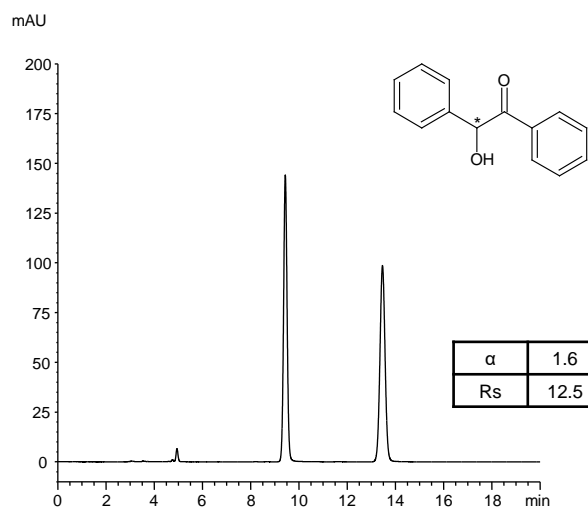


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol (90/10)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

ベンゾイン

Benzoin

V130812F

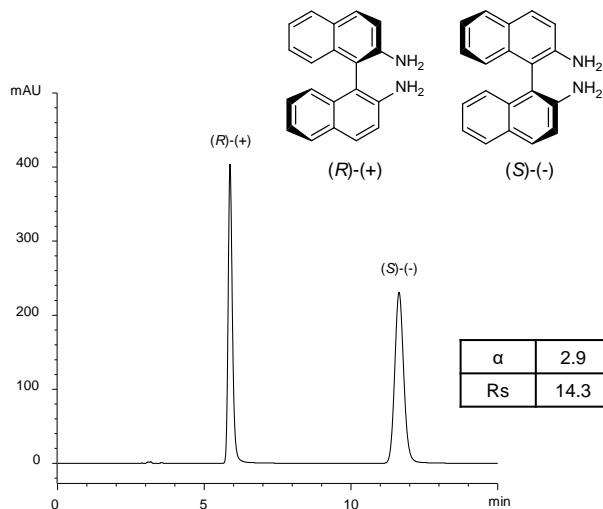


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol (90/10)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

1,1'-ビナフチル-2,2'-ジアミン

1,1'-Binaphthyl-2,2'-diamine

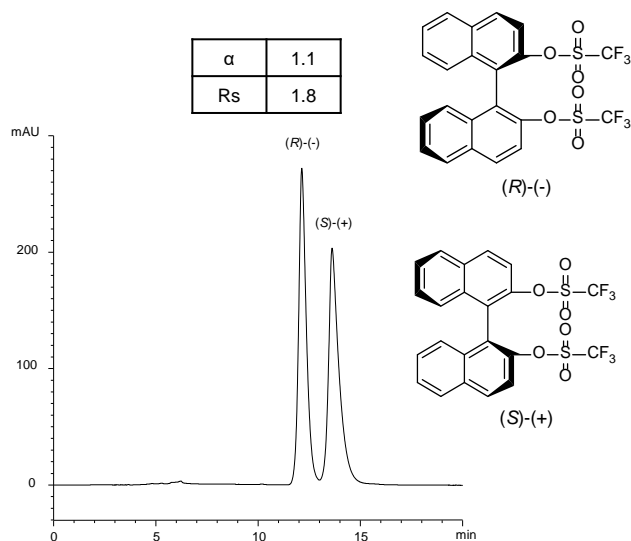
E170801V



Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol (50/50)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 240 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.025 mg/mL)
Sample : Supplied by Tokyo Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

**1,1'-ビナフチル-2,2'-ジイルビス
(トリフルオロメタンスルホナート)**

1,1'-Binaphthyl-2,2'-diyl Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonate) E170901B

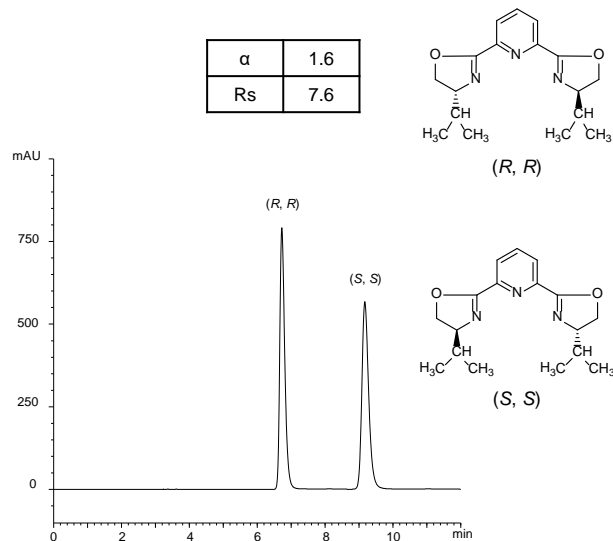


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/methyl *tert*-butyl ether (100/2)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 285 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.5 mg/mL)
Sample : Supplied by Tokyo Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

2,6-ビス(4-イソプロピル-2-オキサゾリン-2-イル)ピリジン

2,6-Bis(4-isopropyl-2-oxazolin-2-yl)pyridine

E170727B

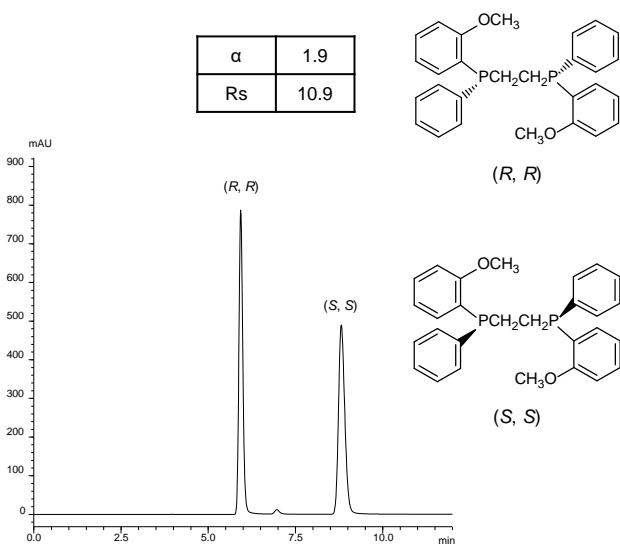


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol (60/40)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 285 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.5 mg/mL)
Sample : Supplied by Tokyo Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

1,2-ビス[(2-メキシフェニル)フェニルホスフィノ]エタン

1,2-Bis[(2-methoxyphenyl)phenylphosphino]ethane

T180515B

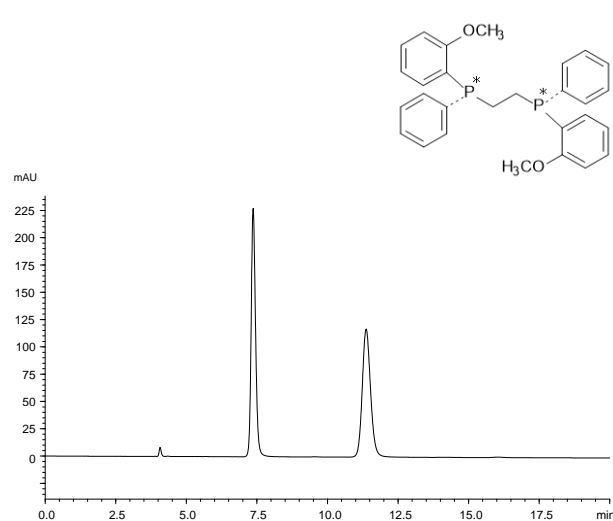


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-C Neo (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol (90/10)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 285 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.5 mg/mL)

1,2-ビス[(2-メキシフェニル)フェニルホスフィノ]エタン

1,2-Bis[(2-methoxyphenyl)phenyl-phosphino]ethane

H170821E

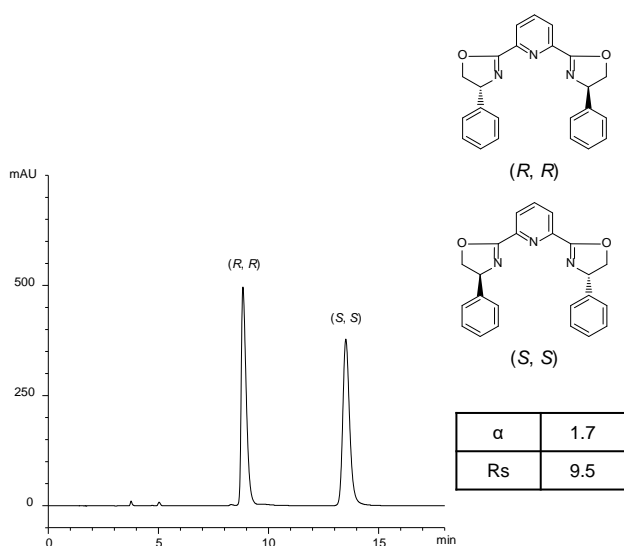


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SJ (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/chloroform (80/20)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 290 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (1.0 mg/mL)

2,6-ビス(4-フェニル-2-オキサゾリン-2-イル)ピリジン

2,6-Bis(4-phenyl-2-oxazolin-2-yl)pyridine

E170801B

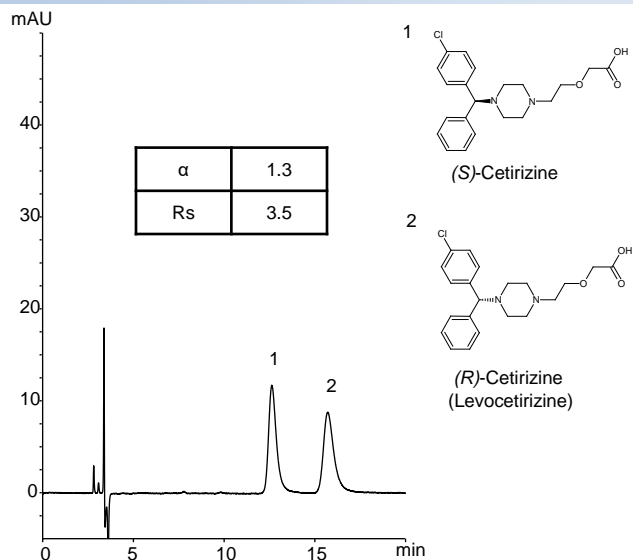


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol (40/60)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 285 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.5 mg/mL)
Sample : Supplied by Tokyo Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

セチリジン(レボセチリジン)

Cetirizine (Levocetirizine)

F141211A

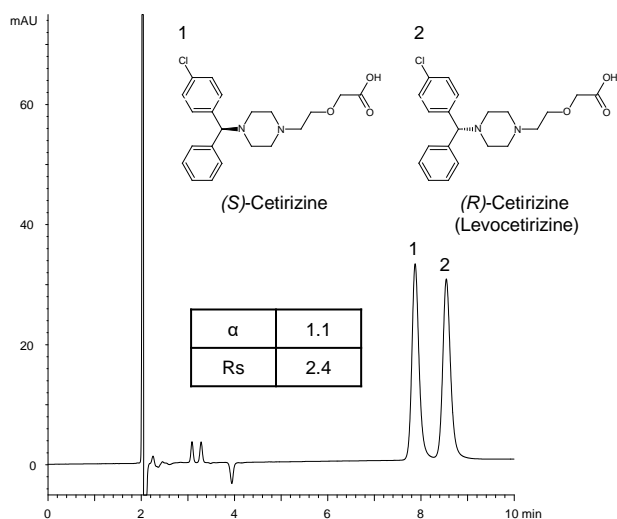


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/formic acid/diethylamine (70/30/0.1/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 230 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (200 μ g/mL)

セチリジン(レボセチリジン)

Cetirizine (Levocetirizine)

F180214C

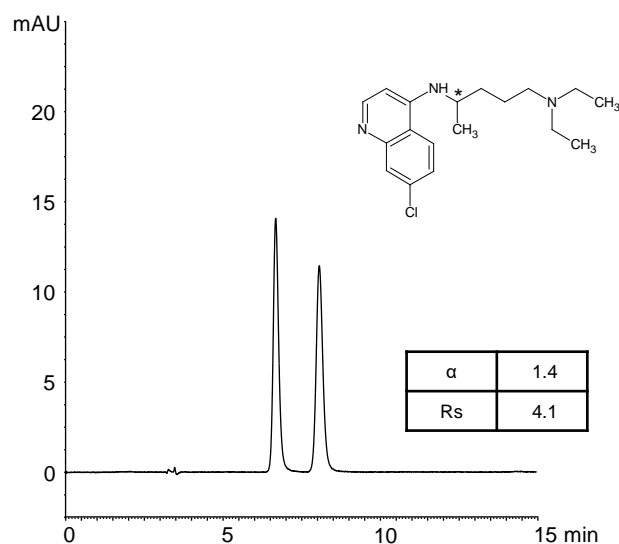


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB (3 μ m)
150 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : acetonitrile/formic acid/diethylamine (100/0.1/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 230 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (200 μ g/mL)

クロロキン

Chloroquine

F140602C



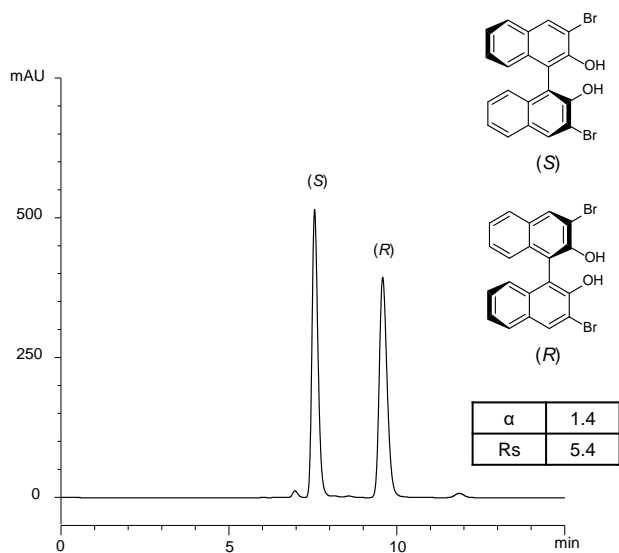
Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : MTBE*/ethanol/diethylamine (95/5/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 344 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (100 μ g/mL)

*methyl *tert*-butyl ether

3,3'-ジブロモ-1,1'-ビ-2-ナフトール

3,3'-Dibromo-1,1'-bi-2-naphthol

E170810Q

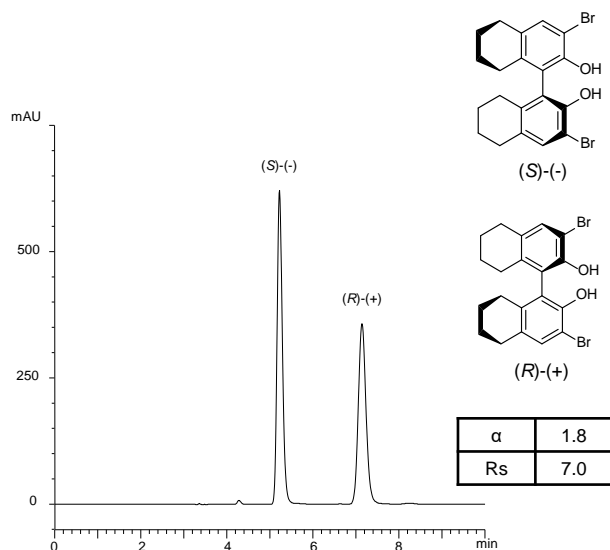


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol (75/25)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 285 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.5 mg/mL)

3,3'-ジブロモ-5,5',6,6',7,7',8,8'-オクタヒドロ-1,1'-ビ-2-ナフトール

3,3'-Dibromo-5,5',6,6',7,7',8,8'-octahydro-1,1'-bi-2-naphthol

E170801S

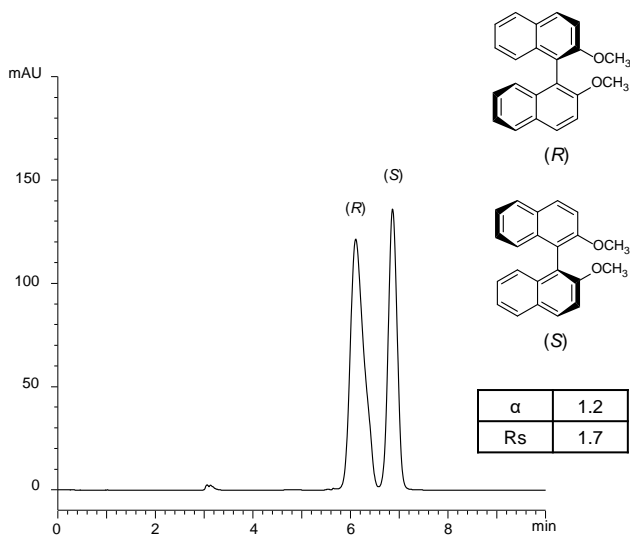


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol (70/30)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 290 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.5 mg/mL)

2,2'-ジメトキシ-1,1'-ビナフチル

2,2'-Dimethoxy-1,1'-binaphthyl

E170802P

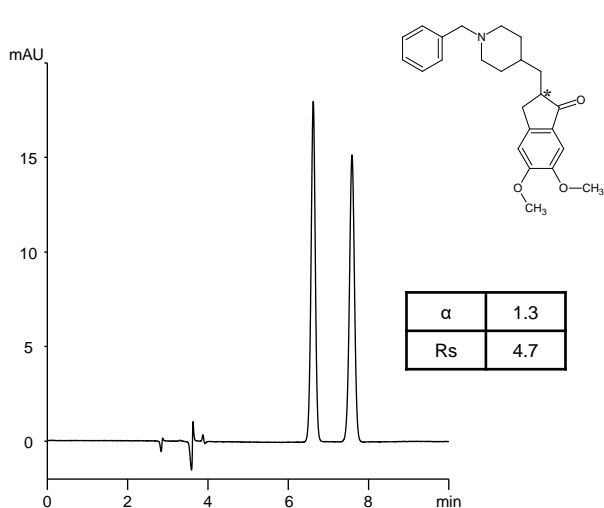


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol (95/5)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 230 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.0125 mg/mL)

ドネペジル

Donepezil

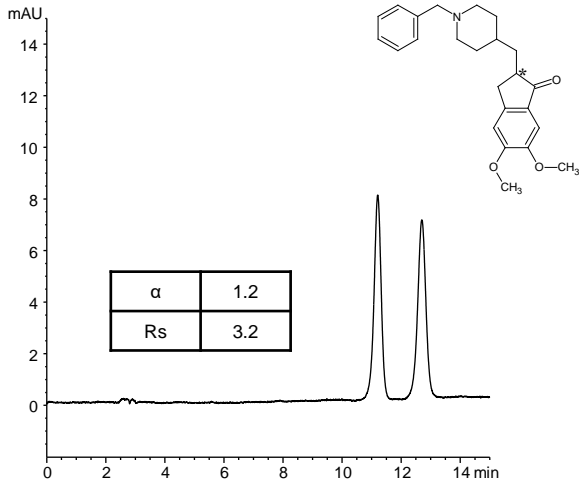
F131114B



Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol/ethylenediamine
(85/15/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 271 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (20 μ g/mL)

ドネペジル
Donepezil

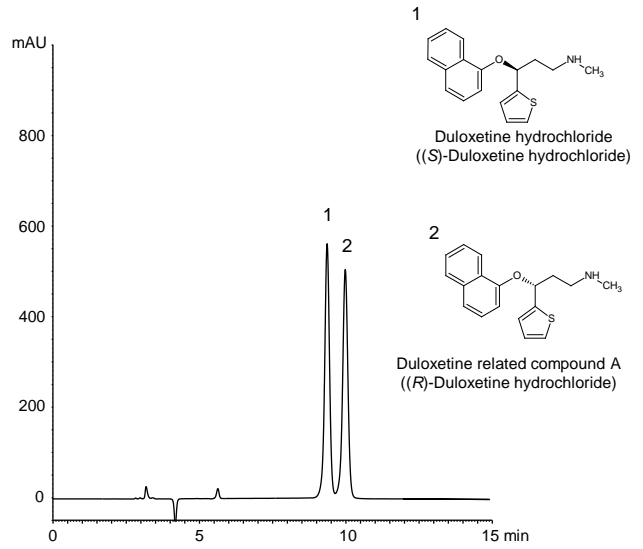
F140707A



Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : 20 mM NH_4HCO_3 -diethylamine (pH 9.0)/acetonitrile (40/60)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 2 μ L (200 μ g/mL)

デュロキセチン塩酸塩
Duloxetine hydrochloride

F131003A



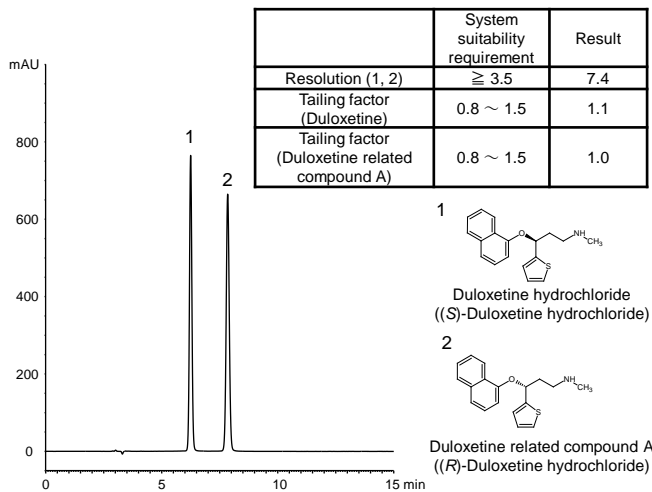
Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol/diethylamine (95/5/0.2)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 30°C
Detection : UV at 230 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

デュロキセチン塩酸塩(米国薬局方記載条件)

Duloxetine hydrochloride (The United States Pharmacopeia)
F130930A

System suitability solution*

(0.1 mg/mL Duloxetine hydrochloride,
0.1 mg/mL Duloxetine related compound A)

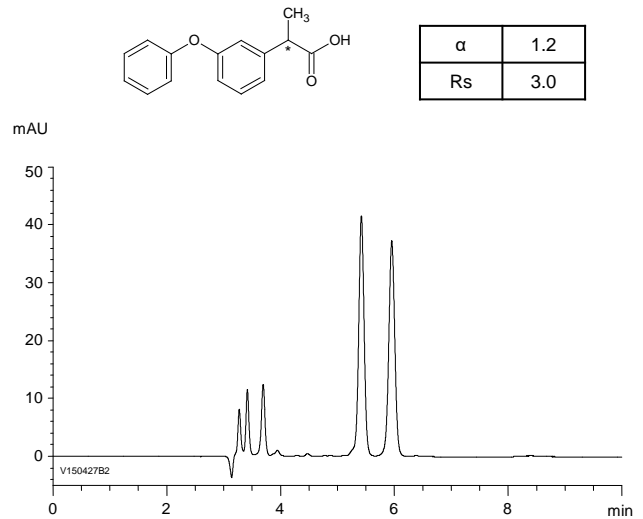


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/diethylamine (83/17/0.2)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 40°C
Detection : UV at 230 nm
Injection : 10 μ L
(The United States Pharmacopeia 37th; Limit of Duloxetine related compound A)

*System suitability solution was prepared from duloxetine hydrochloride and duloxetine related compound A supplied as reagents for laboratory use.

フェノプロフェン
Fenoprofen

V150427B

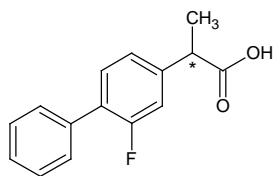


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA (90/10/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

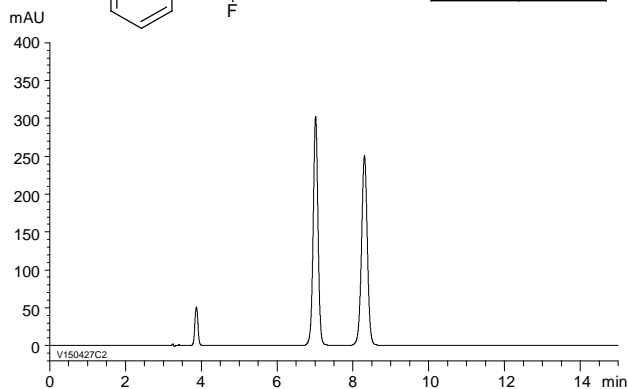
フルルビプロフェン

Flurbiprofen

V150427C



α	1.3
R_s	5.1

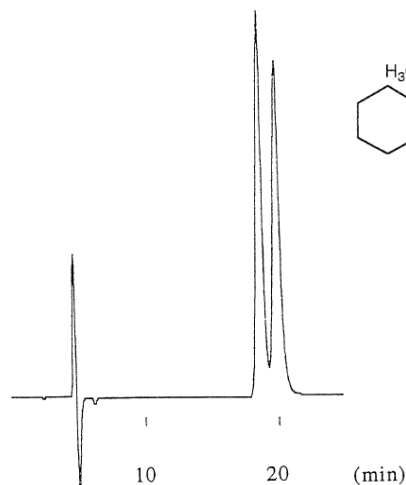
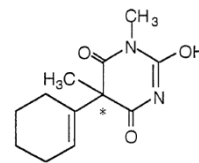


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA (95/5/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

ヘキソバルビタール

Hexobarbital

N020605C

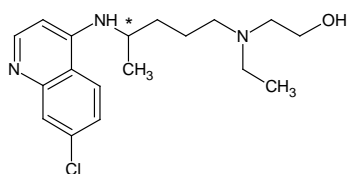


Column : YMC CHIRAL NEA (R)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : acetonitrile/water (30/70)
Flow rate : 0.7 mL/min
Temperature : ambient
Detection : UV at 210 nm
Injection : 1 μ L (1.2 mg/mL)

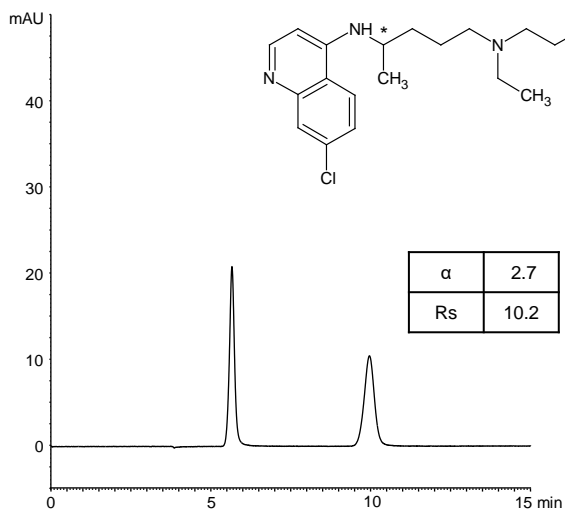
ヒドロキシクロロキン

Hydroxychloroquine

F140526A



α	2.7
R_s	10.2



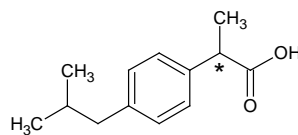
Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : MTBE*/ethanol/diethylamine (90/10/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 344 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (100 μ g/mL)

*methyl *tert*-butyl ether

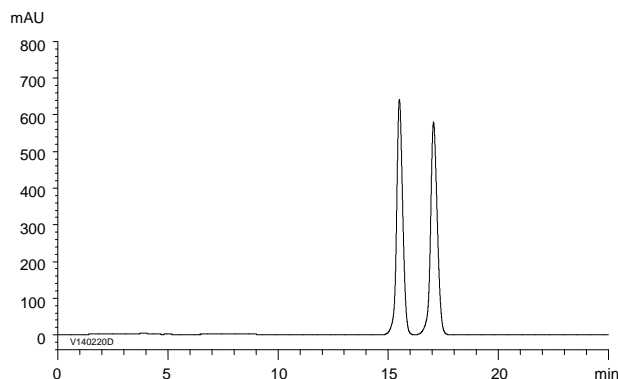
イブプロフェン

Ibuprofen

V140220D



α	1.1
R_s	3.0

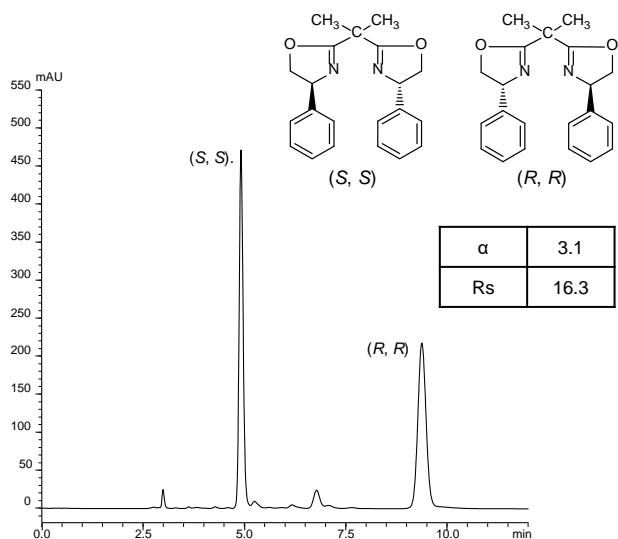


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA (99/1/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 220 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (1 mg/mL)

2,2'-イソプロピリデンビス(4-フェニル-2-オキサゾリン)

2,2'-Isopropylidenebis(4-phenyl-2-oxazoline)

T180515F

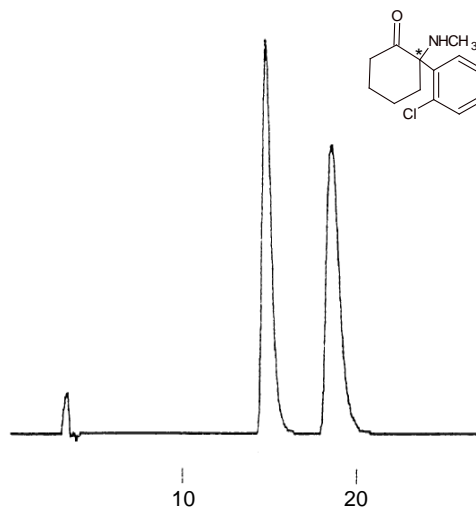


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-C Neo (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol (70/30)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 210 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

塩酸ケタミン

Ketamine hydrochloride

N020605F

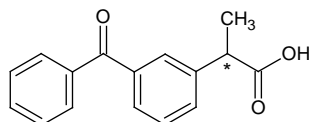


Column : YMC CHIRAL NEA (R)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : acetonitrile/0.5 M NaClO₄ (40/60)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : ambient
Detection : UV at 268 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (1.4 mg/mL)

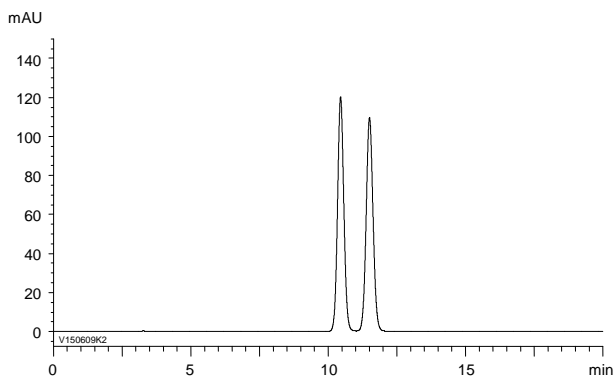
ケトプロフェン

Ketoprofen

V150609K



α	1.1
R_s	2.4

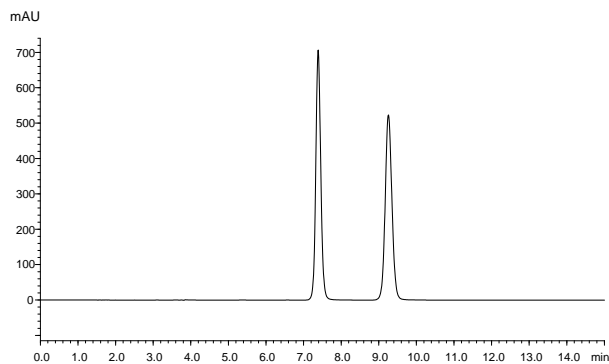
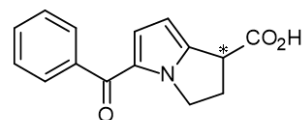


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SC (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA (90/10/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

ケトロラック

Ketrolac

H170821D

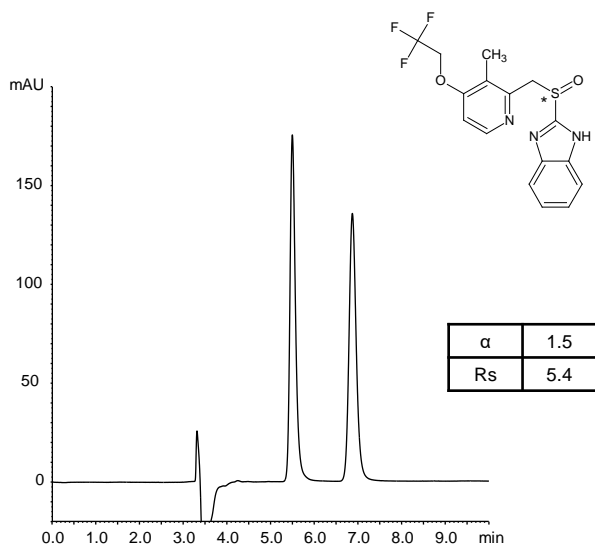


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SJ (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/tetrahydrofuran/TFA (70/30/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 305 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (1.0 mg/mL)

ランソプラゾール

Lansoprazole

F150216B

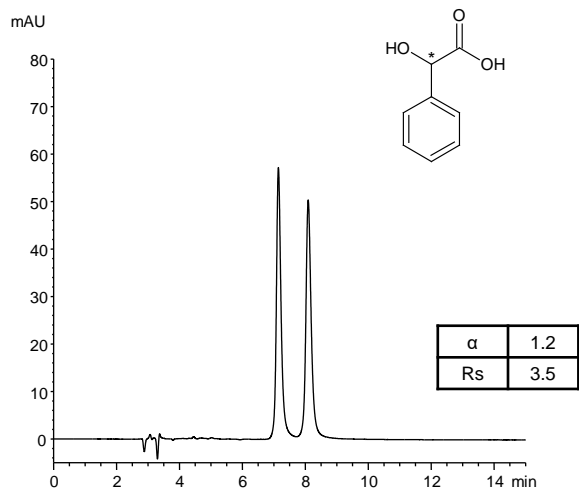


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : ethyl acetate/ethanol/diethylamine
(95/5/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 290 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (100 μ g/mL)

DL-マンデル酸

DL-Mandelic acid

V130917A

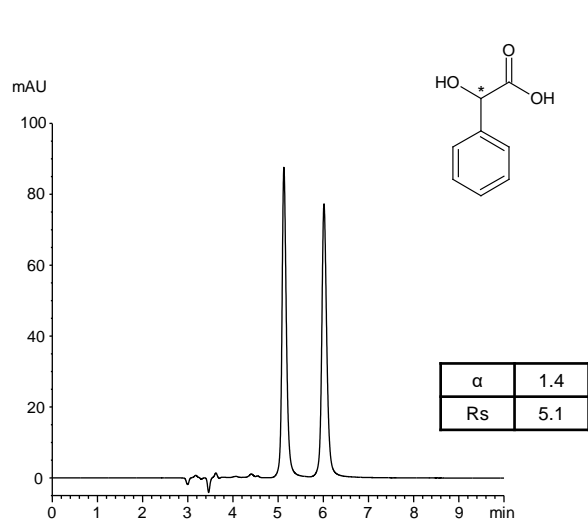


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA (80/20/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 20 μ L (1 mg/mL)

DL-マンデル酸

DL-Mandelic acid

V130917B

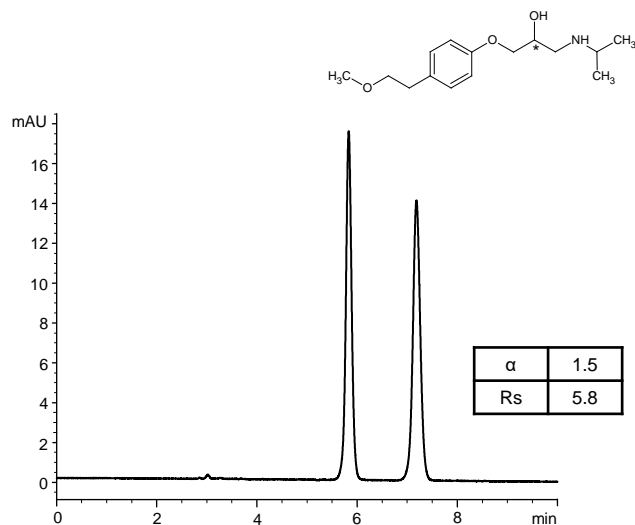


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA (80/20/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 20 μ L (1 mg/mL)

メトプロロール

Metoprolol

H131008D

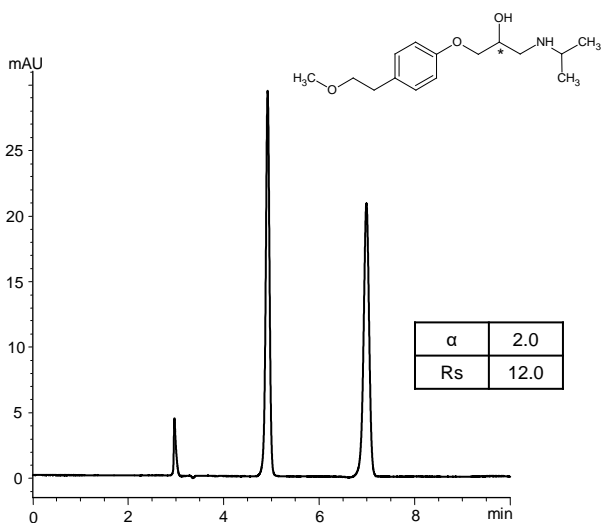


Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol/ethanolamine
(80/20/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (1 mg/mL)

メプロロール

Metoprolol

H131009B

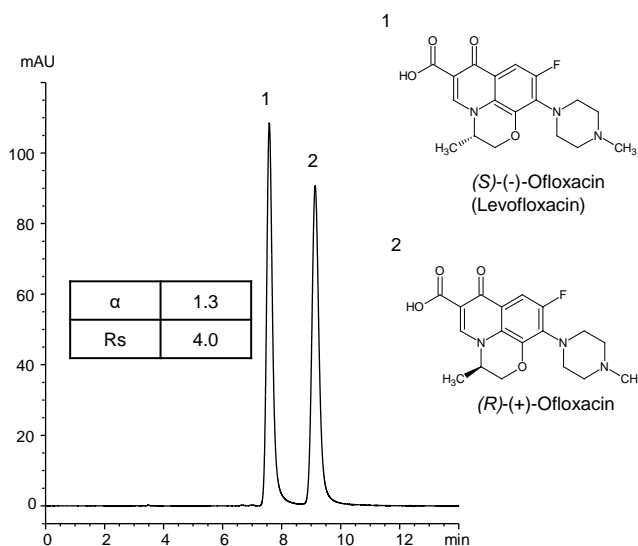


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol/ethanolamine
(90/10/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (1 mg/mL)

オフロキサシン(レボフロキサシン)

Ofloxacin (Levofloxacin)

F150319A



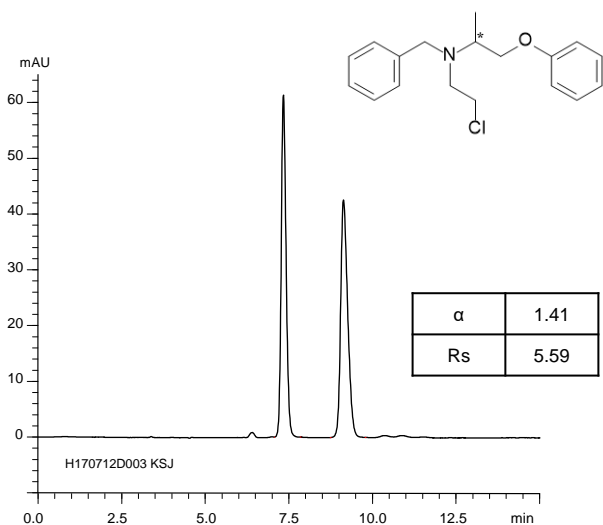
Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SC (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : MTBE*ethanol/acetic acid/ethylenediamine
(50/50/0.1/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 40°C
Detection : UV at 300 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (100 μ g/mL)

*methyl *tert*-butyl ether

フェノキシベンザミン

Phenoxybenzamine

H170712D

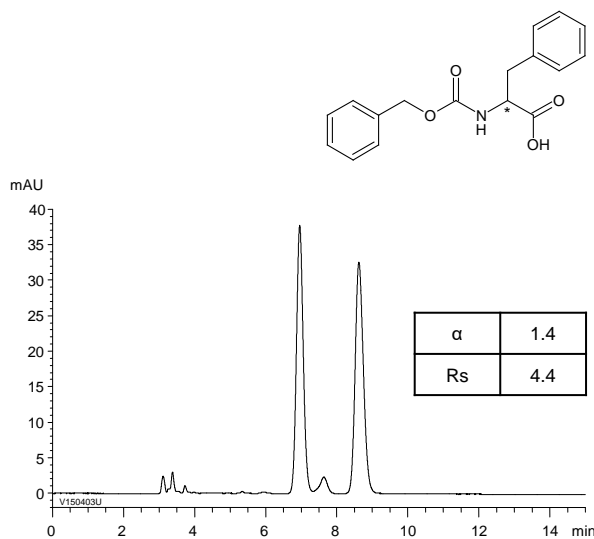


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SJ (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol/diethylamine
(95/5/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 270 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (1 mg/mL)

N-CBZ-DL-フェニルアラニン

N-CBZ-DL-Phenylalanine

V150403U

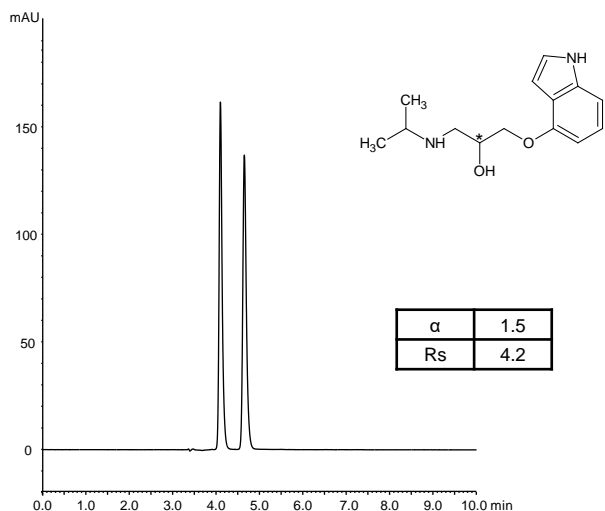


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SC (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA (80/20/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (1 mg/mL)

ピンドロール

Pindolol

F150213C

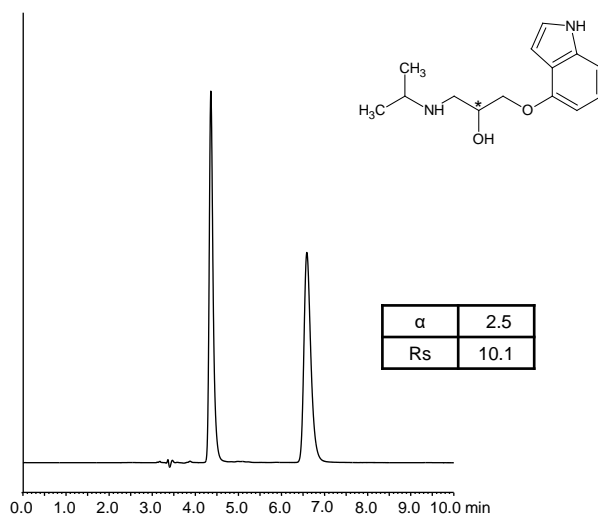


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : methanol/diethylamine (100/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 265 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (100 μ g/mL)

ピンドロール

Pindolol

F150216A

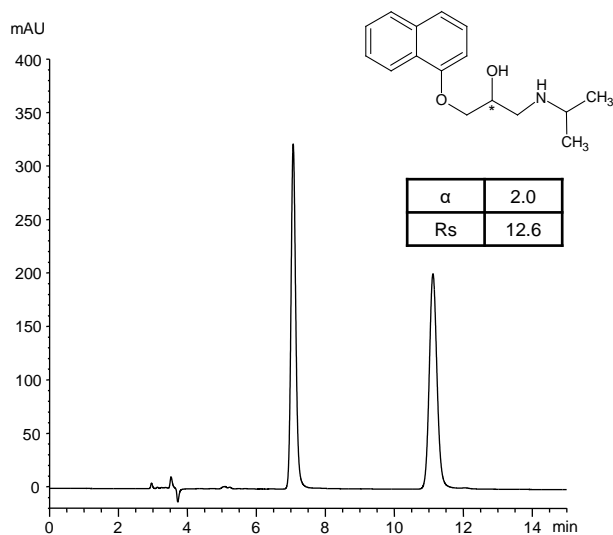


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol/diethylamine
(40/60/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 265 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (100 μ g/mL)

プロプラノロール

Propranolol

V130816A

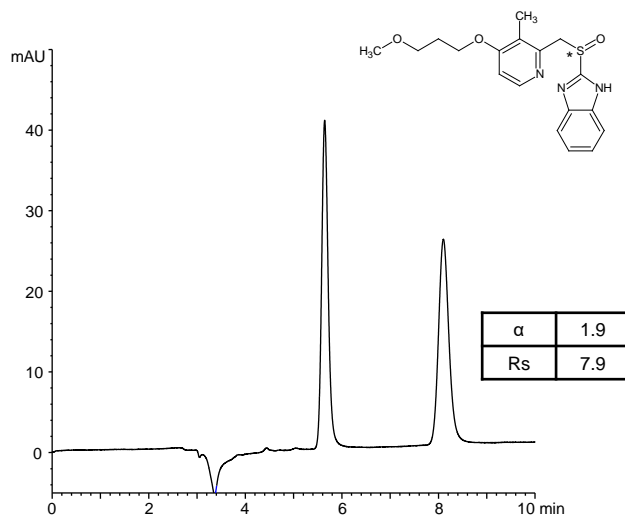


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/diethylamine
(80/20/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 230 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

ラベプラゾール

Rabeprazole

F150316A



Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SC (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : ethyl acetate/2-propanol/diethylamine
(95/5/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 290 nm
Injection : 5 μ L (100 μ g/mL)

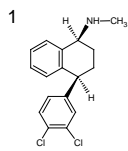
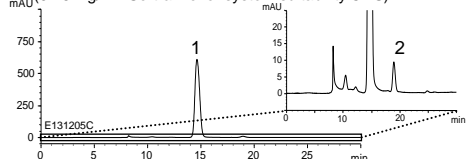
セルトラリン塩酸塩(欧州薬局方記載条件)

Sertraline hydrochloride (The European Pharmacopoeia)

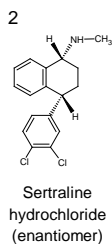
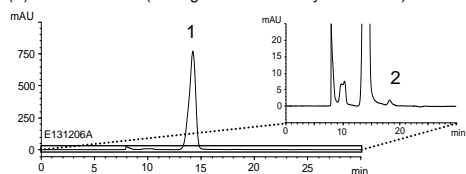
E131206B

(A) Reference solution (a)*1

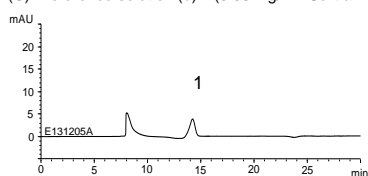
(6.18 mg/mL Sertraline for system suitability CRS)



(B) Test solution*1 (6.0 mg/mL Sertraline hydrochloride)



(C) Reference solution (b)*1 (0.03 mg/mL Sertraline hydrochloride)



*1 Test solution and Reference solution were prepared from Sertraline hydrochloride supplied as a reagent for laboratory use.

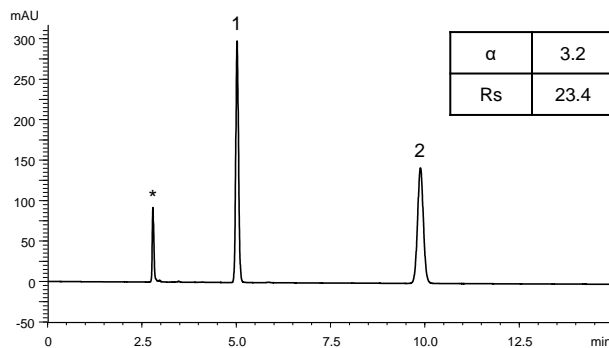
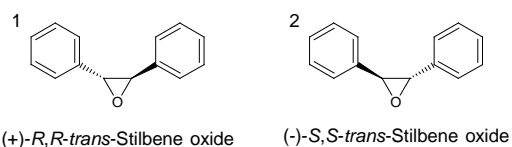
Column	: CHIRAL ART Amylose-C (5 μ m) 250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent	: mixture*2/ <i>n</i> -hexane (70/30)
Flow rate	: 0.4 mL/min
Temperature	: 25°C
Detection	: UV at 275 nm
Injection	: 20 μ L

(The draft for The European Pharmacopoeia; Enantiomeric purity)
*2 *n*-hexane/2-propanol/diethylamine (975/25/1)

トランススチルベンオキサイド

trans-Stilbene oxide

D180129B



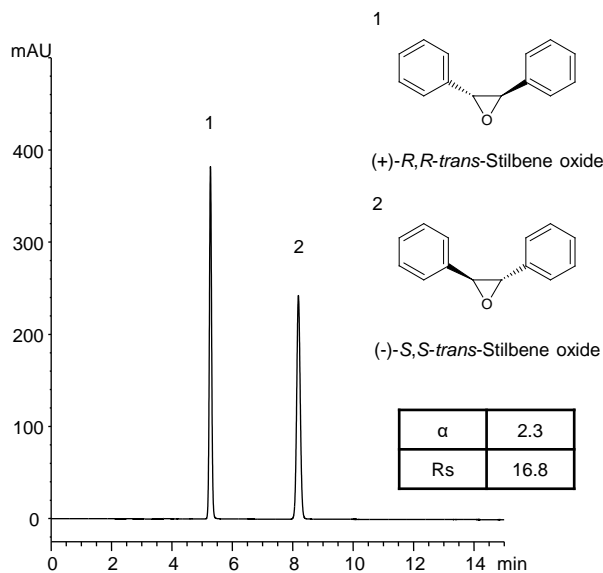
* 1,3,5-Tri-*tert*-butylbenzene (0.5 mg/mL, t_R marker)

Column	: CHIRAL ART Amylose-C Neo (5 μ m) 250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent	: <i>n</i> -hexane/2-propanol (90/10)
Flow rate	: 1.0 mL/min
Temperature	: 25°C
Detection	: UV at 230 nm
Injection	: 5 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

トランススチルベンオキサイド

trans-Stilbene oxide

V130812D

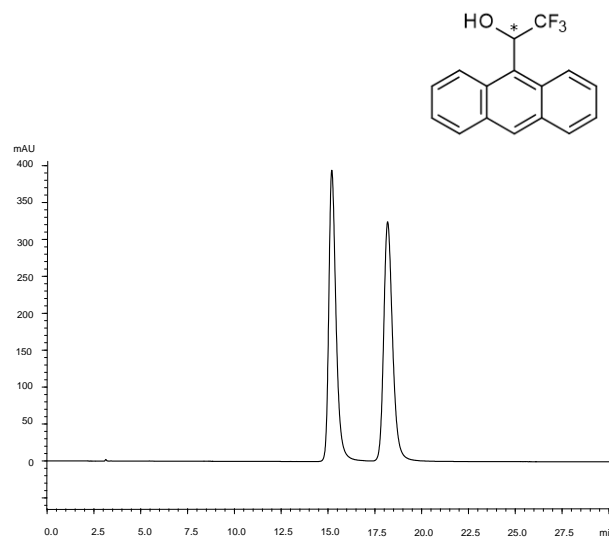


Column	: CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m) 250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent	: <i>n</i> -hexane/2-propanol (90/10)
Flow rate	: 1.0 mL/min
Temperature	: 25°C
Detection	: UV at 230 nm
Injection	: 5 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

トリフルオロアンスリルエタノール

2,2,2-Trifluoro-1-(9-anthryl)ethanol

H170821C

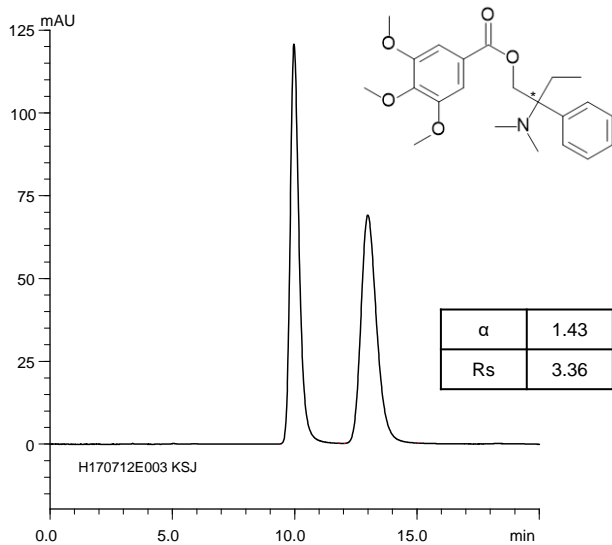


Column	: CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SJ (5 μ m) 250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent	: <i>n</i> -hexane/tetrahydrofuran (90/10)
Flow rate	: 1.0 mL/min
Temperature	: 25°C
Detection	: UV at 254 nm
Injection	: 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

トリメブチン

Trimebutine

H170712E

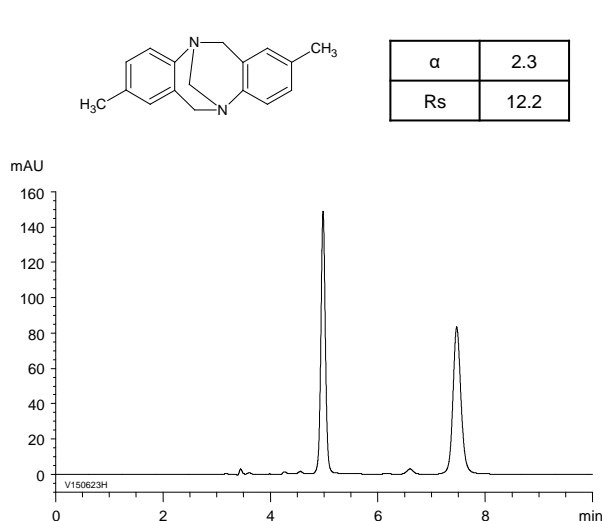


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SJ (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol/diethylamine
(95/5/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 265 nm

トレガー塩基

Troger's base

V150623H



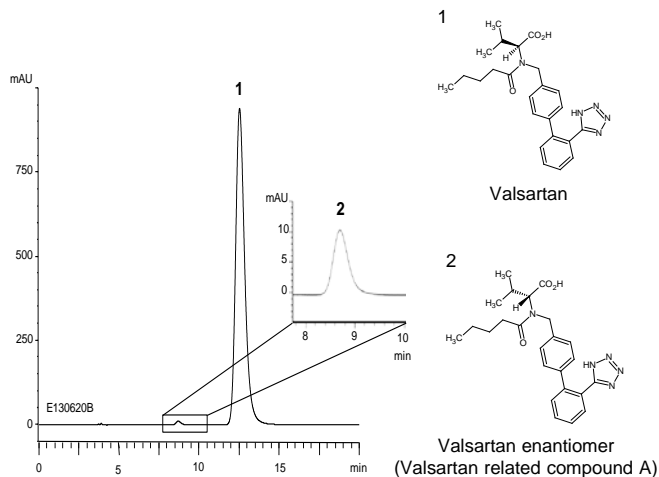
Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-SA (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/ethanol (90/10)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (0.1 mg/mL)

バルサルタン(米国薬局方記載条件)

Valsartan (The United States Pharmacopeia)

E130620B

Test solution*
(1.0 mg/mL Valsartan)

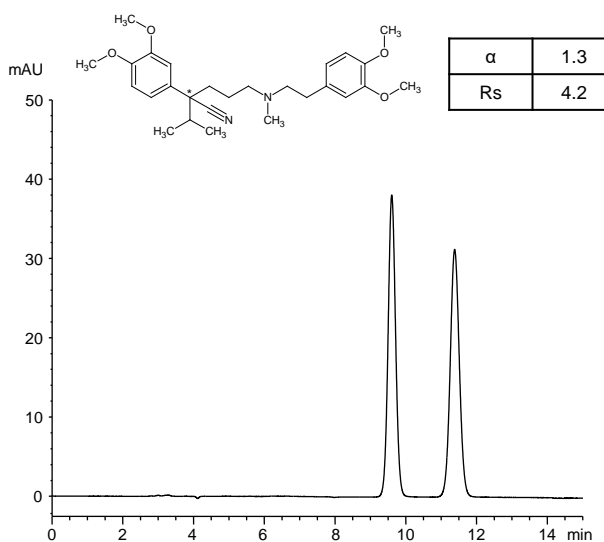


Column : CHIRAL ART Cellulose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/TFA (85/15/0.1)
Flow rate : 0.8 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 230 nm
Injection : 10 μ L
(The United States Pharmacopeia 34th; Related compounds)

ベラパミル

Verapamil

V130905D



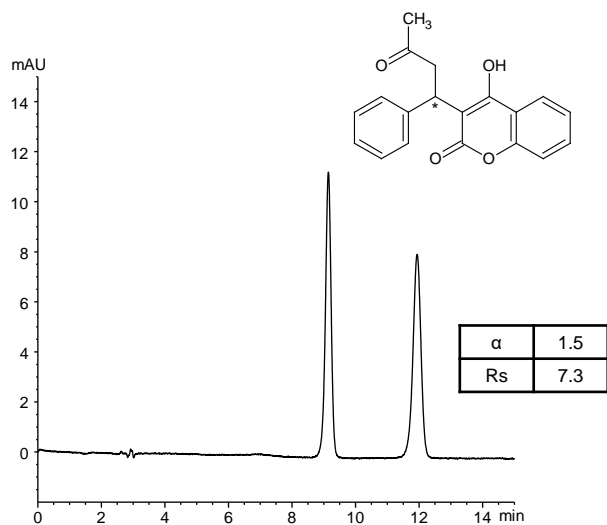
Column : CHIRAL ART Amylose-C (5 μ m)
250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent : *n*-hexane/2-propanol/diethylamine
(90/10/0.1)
Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min
Temperature : 25°C
Detection : UV at 254 nm
Injection : 10 μ L (1 mg/mL)

* Test solution was prepared from Valsartan supplied as a reagent for laboratory use.

ワルファリン

Warfarin

F140618A



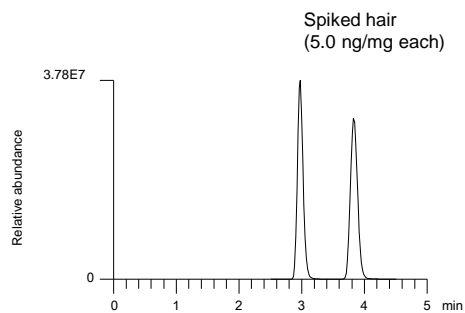
Column	: CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SB (5 μ m) 250 X 4.6 mm.I.D.
Eluent	: acetonitrile/20 mM phosphoric acid (50/50)
Flow rate	: 1.0 mL/min
Temperature	: 25°C
Detection	: UV at 254 nm
Injection	: 2 μ L (200 μ g/mL)

ゾピクロン

Zopiclone

F170925D

Extracted ion chromatograms (m/z 389.11 > 245.022)



Courtesy of H. Miyaguchi, National Research Institute of Police Science.

J.Chromatogr. A 1519 (2017) 55-63.

Column	: CHIRAL ART Cellulose-SC (3 μ m) 150 X 2.0 mm.I.D.
Eluent	: 10 mM ammonium bicarbonate (pH 8.0 with aqueous ammonia)/acetonitrile (25/75)
Flow rate	: 0.2 mL/min
Temperature	: 25°C
Detection	: ESI, positive
Injection	: 10 μ L (Hair sample extracted by micropulverized extraction)
Instrument	: LC) Ultimate™ 3000 liquid chromatograph (Thermo Fisher Scientific) HRMS) Q Exactive™ mass spectrometer (Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Worldwide Availability

YMC America, Inc.
www.ymcamerica.com

YMC Europe GmbH
www.ymc.de

YMC Switzerland LLC
www.ymc-schweiz.ch

YMC Shanghai Rep. Office
www.ymcchina.com

YMC India Pvt. Ltd.
www.ymcindia.com

YMC Korea Co., Ltd.
www.ymckorea.com

YMC Taiwan Co., Ltd.
www.ymctaiwan.com

YMC Singapore Tradelinks Pte. Ltd.
www.ymc.sg



YMC CO., LTD.

YMC Karasuma-Gojo Bldg., 284 Daigo-cho
Karasuma Nishiiru Gojo-dori, Shimogyo-ku
Kyoto, 600-8106, Japan
TEL:+81-75-342-4515 FAX:+81-75-342-4550
www.ymc.co.jp sales@ymc.co.jp

Distributor